NHS Pain Education

This information is being requested as a freedom of information request. We are trying to find out what education is taking place in the workplace for staff who work directly with patients. Although this form is several pages long it should take less than 10 minutes to complete.

Section 1	
 Name of your organisation 	University Hospitals of North Midlands
	NHS Trust
 Do you provide education for your healthcare staff about pain management? (Delete as appropriate – if NO please do not continue with the form and return it to	Yes

Section 2

3. Who do you deliver pain education to?

The following section is divided into staff groupings. Please add a cross in the relevant box

to indicate who you provide pain management education to at least annually.

to marcate who you	Mandatory	Optional	Mandatory	Not	Not a staff
			for some	provided	group in
			but not all		this
					organisation
Band 3 support				х	
worker (nursing or					
midwifery)					
Nurses		х			
Midwives				х	
Health visitors				х	
FY1/FY2					
ST1/CT1					
ST2/CT2					
ST3-6					
Consultant					
Support worker				х	
(therapy)					
Physiotherapists		х			
Occupational				х	
therapists					
Speech and				Х	
language therapists					
Dieticians				Х	
Art therapists				Х	
Counselling team				Х	
Social workers				Х	

Dieticians				x		
Chaplaincy				X		
Psychologists				X		
Pharmacists		V		^		
Radiography and						
• • •				X		
imaging team	+\					
Others (please lis	(1)					
4 14/1-1		la a Cula a Calla di				
		h of the followir ast 12 months.	ig staπ groups a	attending at le	ast one pain	
Support workers	(nursing and n	nidwifery)			All staff	
Nurses					records	
Doctors					would need	
AHPs					to be check-	
Other (please list)				see	
Medical students	•	es. Physician Ass	ociates		attached	
	,	,,			letter	
5. Who deliv	ers pain educa	ation in your org	anisation?			
Acute Pain Team	•					
Unsure about tra	ining/education	n offered in oth	er areas as our	service is not	Trust funded.	
6. What met	thods do you u	ise to deliver pai	n education to	staff?		
	Face to face	Online –	Online –	Both F2F	Method not	
		asynchronous	synchronous	and online,	used.	
		•		participant		
				chooses		
Classroom or	х	х				
lecture theatre						
(LT) -lecture						
(didactic)						
Classroom or LT	Х					
discussion/Q&A						
Case study	х					
presentation						
and discussion						
Video of past						
teaching						
sessions						
Video of expert						
giving lecture						
or being						
interviewed						
Simulation lab-	? used in					
management of	Anaesthetic					
a lifelike	training					
scenario	3. 2					
1 300110110		i	1	1	Î.	

Skills			
demonstration			
e.g. injections			
Supervised			
skills practice			
Role play			
Supervision in			
clinical area			
(supervised			
practice)			
Specialist	x		
embedded in			
the ward –			
work alongside			
One to one	х		
coaching on			
request			
Pain ward	Х		
rounds include	sometimes		
ward staff	Joined with		
	parent		
	team		
Posters in the	x		
clinical area			
Pocket guides			
Dashboard			
messaging			
Audit feedback	X		
Intranet			
	X		
guidelines			
Smartphone or			
app			
Guidance pop-			
ups in			
electronic			
patient .			
management			
or prescribing			
system			
Ask the expert			
sessions			
WhatsApp	x		
discussion			
groups			
Pain meetings	х		
in clinical areas			

Schwarz rounds							
QI programmes							
7	If you hav	<u>l</u> ve a virtual lear	ning environme	l nt as nart of vo	l ur nain manag	l zement	
/.	•		oe what method			•	
			ading materials		,		
	· · · · ·	• •		•			
8.	Are there	any other met	hods that you u	se?			
9.	Content o	of pain education	on.				
	The EFIC	core curriculun	n contains sever	n domains. Plea	ise indicate wh	nich aspects	
	of the cur	ricula you incl	ıde in your pain	education all o	r some of the	time.	
х			cial phenomeno	•			
	_	_	understanding	of the cognitiv	e, sensory an	d affective	
	dimensi						
Х	•	•	the patient and	-			
Х			onal phenomer	non with cogni	tive, sensory,	and affective	
	dimensi						
Х			of pain and the		uting to the		
			g, experience a				
Х		•	tance of social		•		
		, housing and	recreational/lei	sure activities i	n relation to	the patients'	
	pain						
X	-		rking in partner	ship with and a	advocating to	r patients	
		r families,	1 10		•		
X			nce and self-ma				
X			nronic/persister	nt and cancer-r	elated pain ai	nd the impact	
v		hcare and soc		a abaniana af n	a si santiu a nai	in	
^	The characteristics and underlying mechanisms of nociceptive pa						
	inflammation, neuropathic pain, referred pain, phantom limb pain and explain nociplastic pain syndromes						
x			en nociception a	and nain inclu	dina nacicant	ivo	
^		thic and nocip		апа рапі, пісіці	anig nocicept	ive,	
х			uction, transmis	ssion nercentic	on and modu	lation in	
		tive pathways	action, transim	ssion, perception	on and mode		
x	•		een peripheral/	central sensitiz	ation and		
		secondary hy					
х			in the transitior	n from acute to	chronic/ per	sistent pain	
			nagement can r		-7	1	
x The changes that occur in the brain during chronic/persistent pain a				n and their			
	possible impact (including cognition, memory and mood) and cognitive						
	-	•	ons such as fear	•	•	_	
х			chronic/persiste		mmon co-mo	orbidities,	
		•	mood, depress	•			
	Incinain	y stress, sieep,	mooa, aepress	sion and anxiet	у		

	The mechanisms underlying placebo and nocebo responses, and their relation
	to context, learning, genetics, expectations, beliefs and learning
	The role of genetics and epigenetic mechanisms in relation to risk of
	developing chronic/persistent pain and pharmacotherapy
Х	The importance of interprofessional working in pain management along with
	potential barriers and facilitators to team-based care
Х	How to work respectfully and in partnership with patients, families/ carers,
	healthcare team members and agencies, to improve patient outcomes
Х	Team working skills (communication, negotiation, problem solving, decision-
	making, conflict management)
Х	The professional perspectives, skills, goals and priorities of all team members
Х	How to take a comprehensive pain history, an assessment of the patient across the lifespan and in care planning, consider social, psychological, and biological components of the pain condition
х	Person-centred care including how the following may influence the
	experience of illness, pain, pain assessment and treatment: Social factors,
	Cultural factors, Language, Psychological factors, Physical activity, Age, Health
	literacy, Values and beliefs, Traditional medical practices, Patients' and families'
	wishes, motivations, goals, and strengths
Х	Patients' and families' different responses to the experience of pain and illness
	including affective, cognitive, and behavioural responses
Х	The rationale for self-report of pain and the understand in which cases nurse-
	led ratings are necessary
х	At risk individuals for under-treatment of their pain (e.g., individuals who are
	unable to self-report pain, neonates, cognitively impaired) and how to
	mitigate against this.
х	Using different assessment tools in different situations, using a person-centred
	approach
Х	Valid, reliable and sensitive pain-assessment tools to assess pain at rest and on
	movement; tools that are appropriate to the needs of the patient and the
	demands of the care situation
х	Culturally sensitive and appropriate pain assessment for individuals who speak
	a different language to the language spoken by the healthcare professionals
х	Understand the rationale behind basic investigations in relation to serious
	pathology
Х	What specialist assessment is, when it is needed, and how to refer.
х	Importance of accurate documentation
Х	Assessment of pain coping skills and pain behaviours
Х	Health promotion and self-management
Х	Importance of non-pharmacological management
Х	How to work with patients to develop goals for treatment
	Evidence based complementary therapies for pain management (e.g.
	acupuncture, reflexology)

comfort, positioning, massage, manual therapies, heat/cold, hydrotherapy). x Psychological pain management strategies (e.g. distraction, relaxation, stress management, patient and family education, counselling, health promotion and self-management). x Evidence based behavioural therapies (e.g. CBT, mindfulness, acceptance and commitment, couple/family therapy, hypnosis/guided imagery, biofeedback) Electrotherapies (e.g. TENS, spinal cord stimulation) Types of analgesics and potential combinations (non-opioids, opioids, antidepressants, anticonvulsants, local anaesthetics) x Routes of delivery x Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). x Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. x Adverse events and management of these x Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts x Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. x Long-term opioid use risks and benefits x Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) x Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use Tapering opioid therapy		
Psychological pain management strategies (e.g. distraction, relaxation, stress management, patient and family education, counselling, health promotion and self-management). Evidence based behavioural therapies (e.g. CBT, mindfulness, acceptance and commitment, couple/family therapy, hypnosis/guided imagery, biofeedback) Electrotherapies (e.g. TENS, spinal cord stimulation) Types of analgesics and potential combinations (non-opioids, opioids, antidepressants, anticonvulsants, local anaesthetics) Routes of delivery Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. Adverse events and management of these Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. Long-term opioid use risks and benefits Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use Tapering opioid therapy Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	х	Physical pain management strategies (e.g. exercise, stretching, pacing,
management, patient and family education, counselling, health promotion and self-management). X Evidence based behavioural therapies (e.g. CBT, mindfulness, acceptance and commitment, couple/family therapy, hypnosis/guided imagery, biofeedback) Electrotherapies (e.g. TENS, spinal cord stimulation) Types of analgesics and potential combinations (non-opioids, opioids, antidepressants, anticonvulsants, local anaesthetics) X Routes of delivery X Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). X Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. X Adverse events and management of these X Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts X Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. X Long-term opioid use risks and benefits X Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) X Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use X Tapering opioid therapy X Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		comfort, positioning, massage, manual therapies, heat/cold, hydrotherapy).
self-management). x	х	
Evidence based behavioural therapies (e.g. CBT, mindfulness, acceptance and commitment, couple/family therapy, hypnosis/guided imagery, biofeedback) Electrotherapies (e.g. TENS, spinal cord stimulation) Types of analgesics and potential combinations (non-opioids, opioids, antidepressants, anticonvulsants, local anaesthetics) X Routes of delivery X Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). X Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. X Adverse events and management of these X Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts X Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. X Long-term opioid use risks and benefits X Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) X Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use X Tapering opioid therapy X Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		
commitment, couple/family therapy, hypnosis/guided imagery, biofeedback) Electrotherapies (e.g. TENS, spinal cord stimulation) Types of analgesics and potential combinations (non-opioids, opioids, antidepressants, anticonvulsants, local anaesthetics) X Routes of delivery X Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). X Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. X Adverse events and management of these X Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts X Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. X Long-term opioid use risks and benefits X Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) X Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use X Tapering opioid therapy X Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		self-management).
Electrotherapies (e.g. TENS, spinal cord stimulation) Types of analgesics and potential combinations (non-opioids, opioids, antidepressants, anticonvulsants, local anaesthetics) X Routes of delivery X Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). X Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. X Adverse events and management of these X Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts X Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. X Long-term opioid use risks and benefits X Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) X Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use X Tapering opioid therapy X Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	х	·
Types of analgesics and potential combinations (non-opioids, opioids, antidepressants, anticonvulsants, local anaesthetics) x Routes of delivery x Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). x Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. x Adverse events and management of these x Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts x Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. x Long-term opioid use risks and benefits x Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) x Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use x Tapering opioid therapy x Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		commitment, couple/family therapy, hypnosis/guided imagery, biofeedback)
antidepressants, anticonvulsants, local anaesthetics) x Routes of delivery x Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). x Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. x Adverse events and management of these x Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts x Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. x Long-term opioid use risks and benefits x Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) x Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use x Tapering opioid therapy x Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		Electrotherapies (e.g. TENS, spinal cord stimulation)
x Routes of delivery x Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). x Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. x Adverse events and management of these x Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts x Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. x Long-term opioid use risks and benefits x Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) x Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use x Tapering opioid therapy x Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		
Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). X Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. X Adverse events and management of these X Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts X Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. X Long-term opioid use risks and benefits X Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) X Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use X Tapering opioid therapy X Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		·
Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks). X Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. X Adverse events and management of these X Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts X Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. X Long-term opioid use risks and benefits X Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) X Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use X Tapering opioid therapy X Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	Х	,
 Onset, peak effect, duration of effect. Adverse events and management of these Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. Long-term opioid use risks and benefits Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use Tapering opioid therapy Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room 	Х	
Adverse events and management of these X Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts X Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. X Long-term opioid use risks and benefits X Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) X Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use X Tapering opioid therapy X Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks).
 Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. Long-term opioid use risks and benefits Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use Tapering opioid therapy Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	Х	Onset, peak effect, duration of effect.
Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these. Long-term opioid use risks and benefits Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use Tapering opioid therapy Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	Х	Adverse events and management of these
Long-term opioid use risks and benefits Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use Tapering opioid therapy Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	Х	Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts
Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management) Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use Tapering opioid therapy Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	Х	Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these.
chronic pain management) x Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use x Tapering opioid therapy x Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	Х	Long-term opioid use risks and benefits
Addiction risk factors Identification of aberrant drug use x Tapering opioid therapy x Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	Х	Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management,
Identification of aberrant drug use x Tapering opioid therapy x Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		chronic pain management)
Tapering opioid therapy Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	Х	Addiction risk factors
Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management 10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		Identification of aberrant drug use
10. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	Х	Tapering opioid therapy
captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	х	Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management
captured so far? The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		
The Acute Pain team often have other disciplines joining the ward rounds and the team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room	10	
team deliver much ad hoc training in the clinical areas 11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		-
11. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about? During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		. , , ,
During 2023 the Acute Pain team delivered 7 Acute Pain study days (111 attendees from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		
from surgical areas) Regretfully 2 study days had to be cancelled as no room		
• , , ,		
availability.		
	availa	ability.

Thank you for taking the time to provide this information. If you would like a copy of the final report please provide your email address and name below.